



Subject: Geography Topic: European study—Scandinavia and UK (Year 5 and 6)

Countries and capitals



Denmark

Copenhagen



Sweden

Stockholm



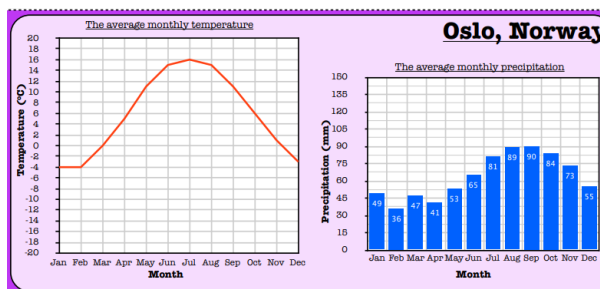
Norway

Oslo

Key Vocabulary	
biome	a large region with a certain climate and certain types of living things
climate	the average measurements of temperature, wind, humidity, snow, and rain in a place over the course of years
Physical geography	the study of the Earth's natural features, such as mountains, rivers, deserts and oceans.
Human geography	focuses on where people live, what they do, and how they use the land.
terrain	an area of land or a type of land when you are considering its physical features.
Population density	the number of people living in an area.
tundra	a large, barren region with no trees
precipitation	water vapour or moisture that falls from the clouds in the form of rain, sleet, snow or hail.
fjord	a narrow, long body of water that is very deep and has steep cliffs on three sides.



Sweden, Denmark and Norway are the only Scandinavian countries



These graphs show the average monthly temperature and precipitation in Norway. How does this compare to England?

Physical Geography



Denmark's terrain is mostly flat, with gently rolling hills.



In the fall and spring, there are spectacular natural light shows in northern Sweden known as the aurora borealis, or northern lights.



Norway's coastline is famous for its fjords

Human Geography		Norway	Sweden	Denmark	United Kingdom
Population		Just over five and a half million people live in Norway.	About ten million people live in Sweden.	About five million eight hundred thousand people live in Denmark.	Sixty eight and a half million
Currency		Norwegian krone. Each krone is divided into 100 øre.	Swedish krona. Each krona is divided into 100 öre.	Danish krone. Each krone is divided into 100 øre.	Pound Sterling (£)